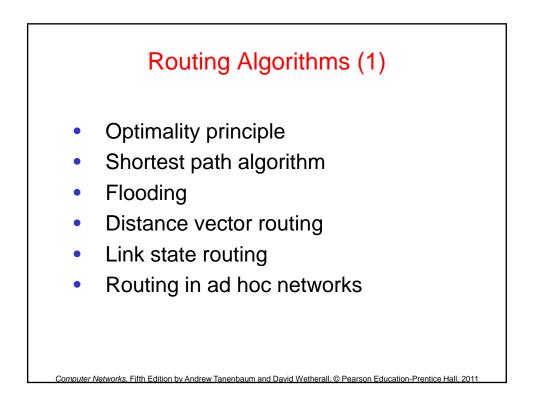
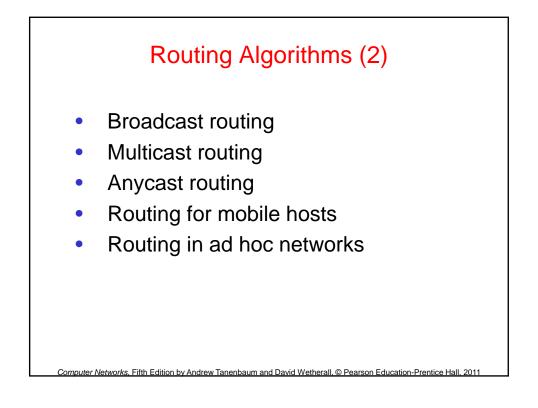
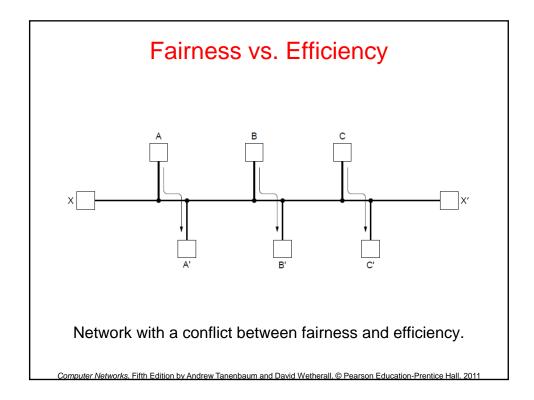
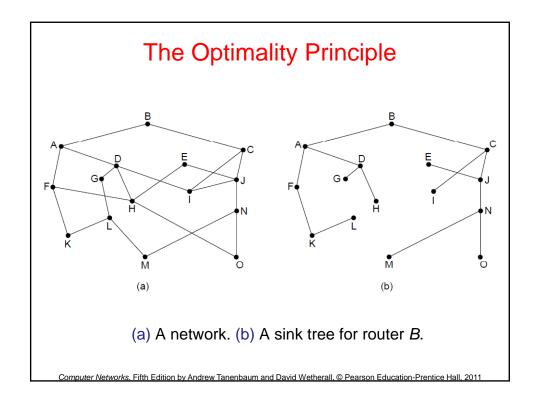


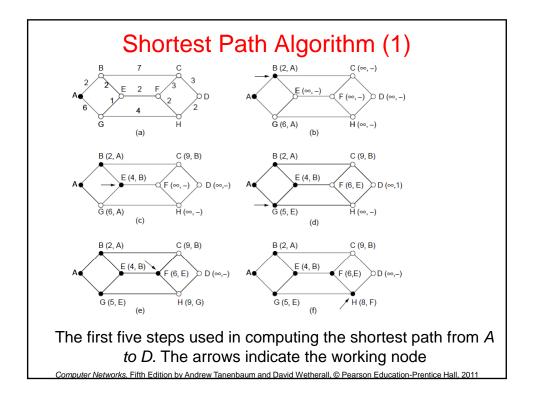
Issue	Datagram network	
Circuit setup	Not needed	Required
Addressing	Each packet contains the full source and destination address	Each packet contains a short VC number
State information	Routers do not hold state information about connections	Each VC requires router table space per connection
Routing	Each packet is routed independently	Route chosen when VC is set up; all packets follow it
Effect of router failures	None, except for packets lost during the crash	All VCs that passed through the failed router are terminated
Quality of service	Difficult	Easy if enough resources can be allocated in advance for each VC
Congestion control	Difficult	Easy if enough resources can be allocated in advance for each VC

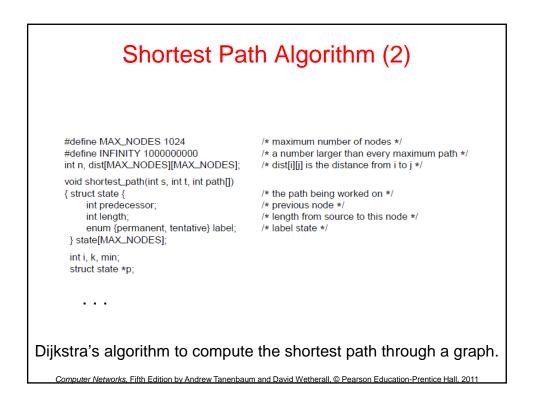


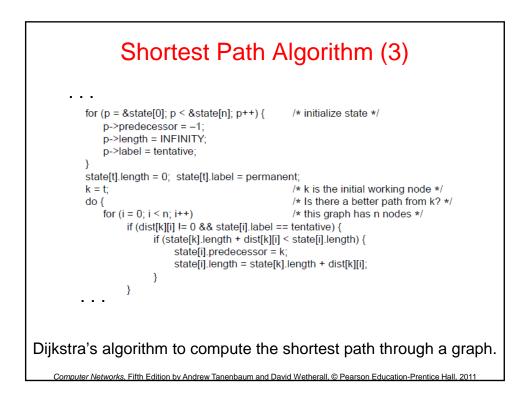


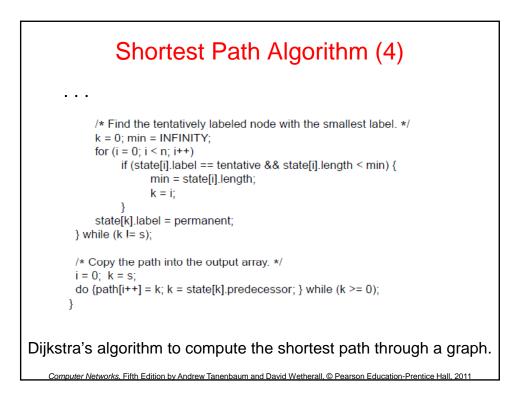


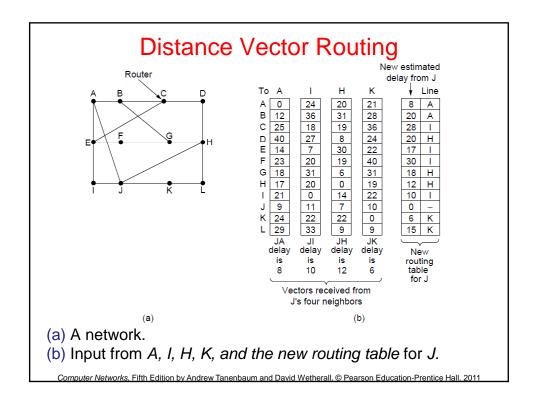


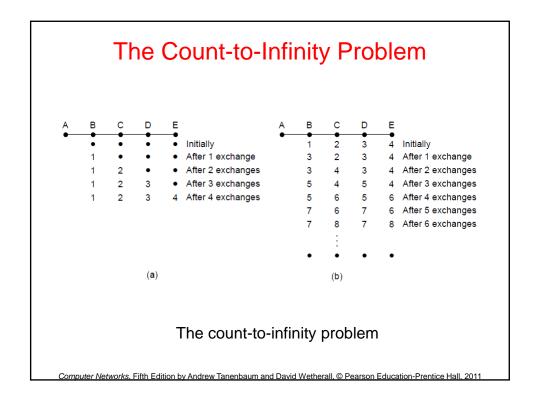


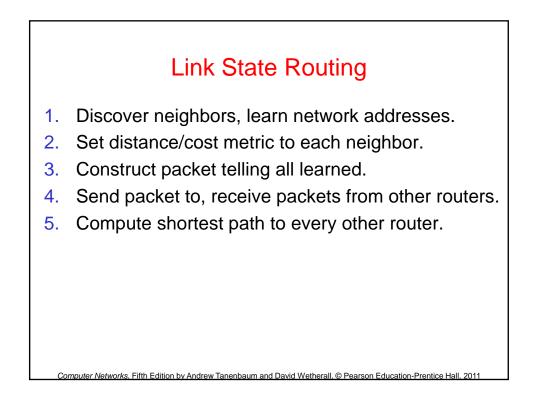


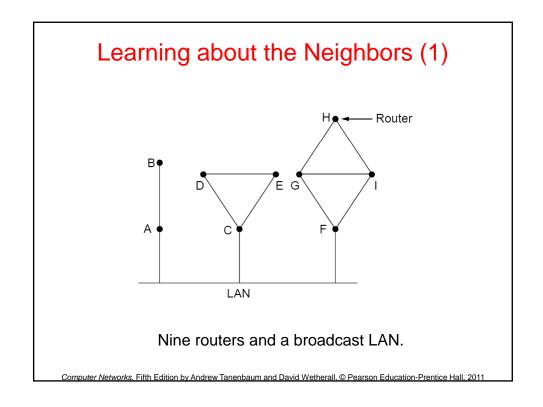


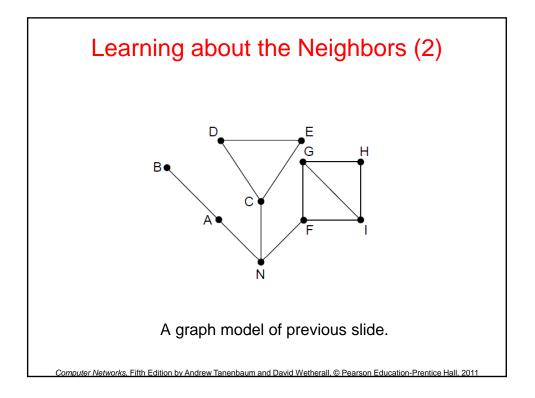


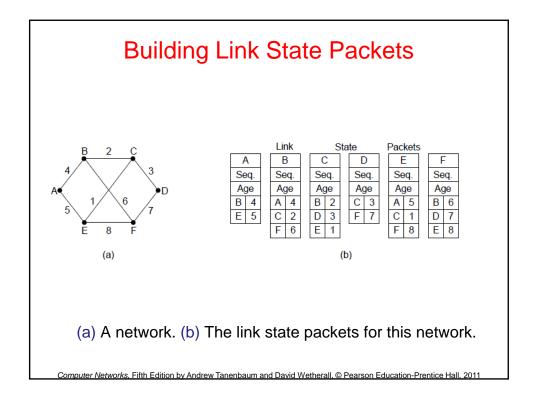


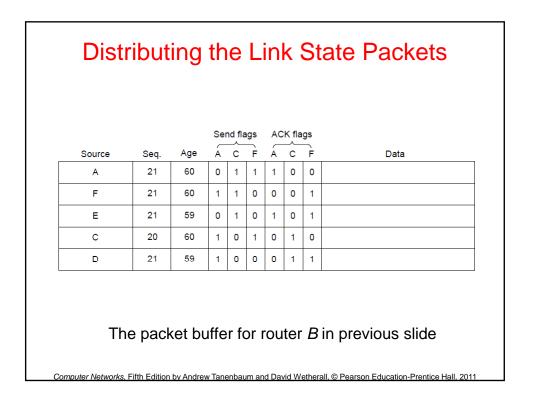


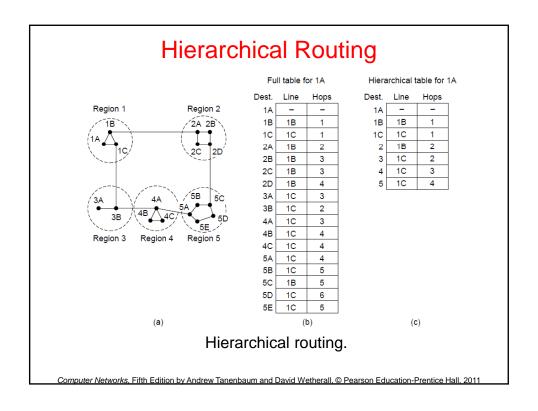


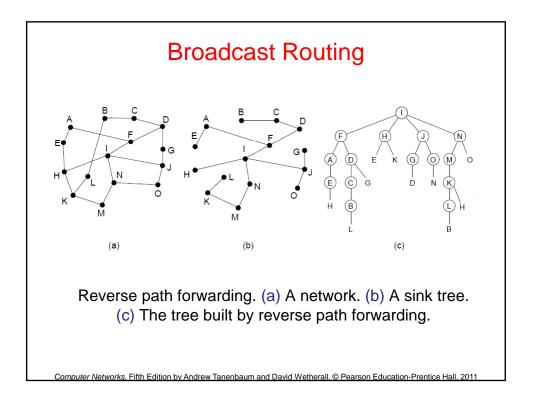


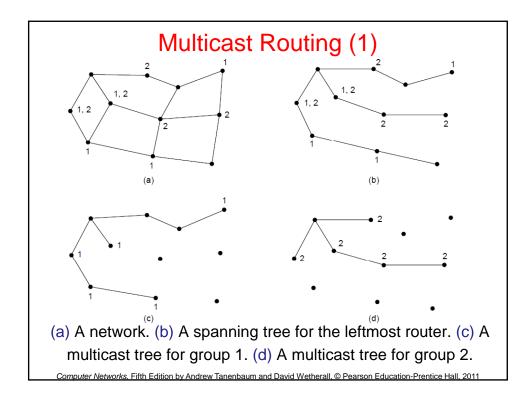


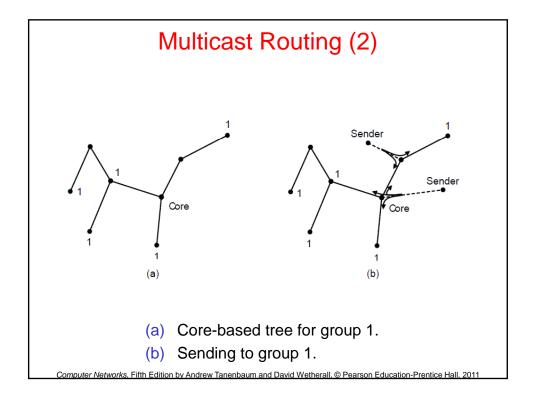


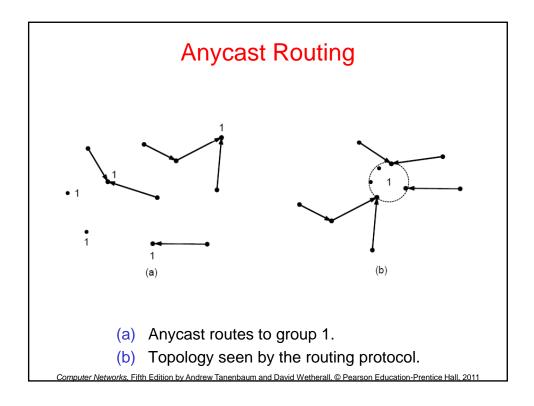


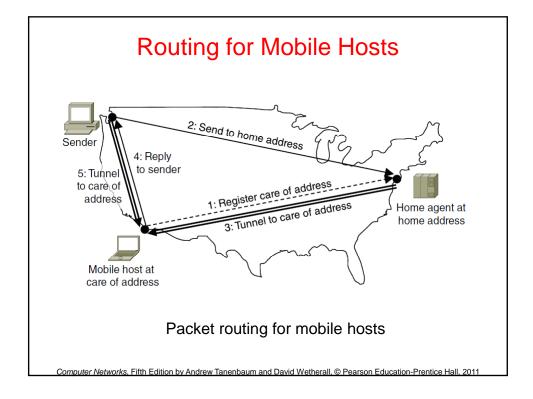


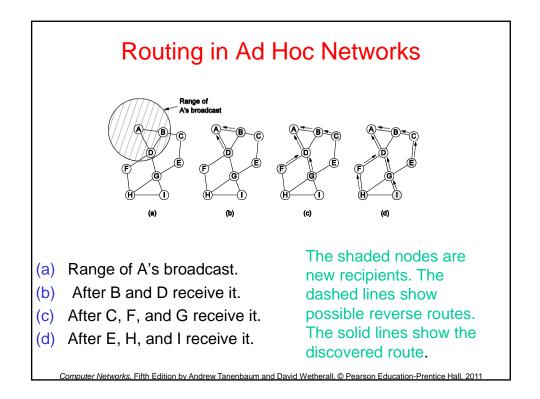


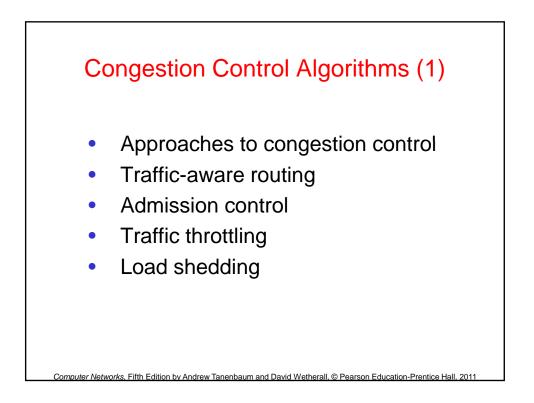


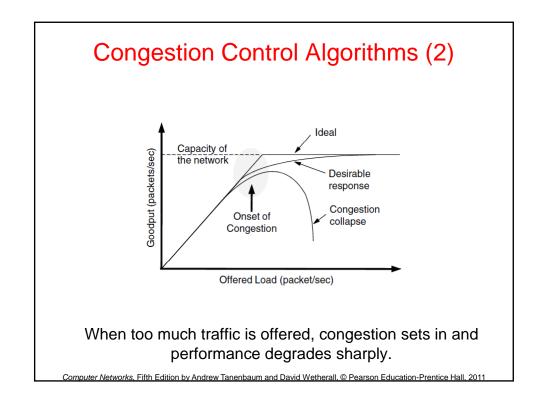


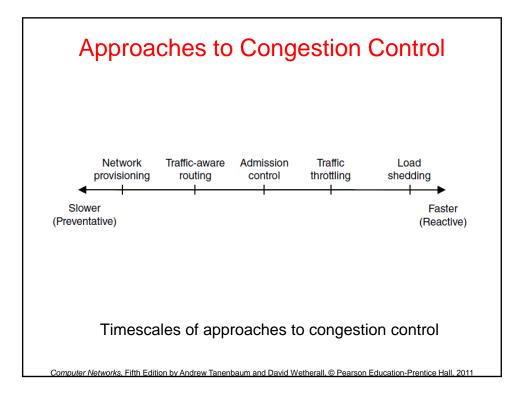


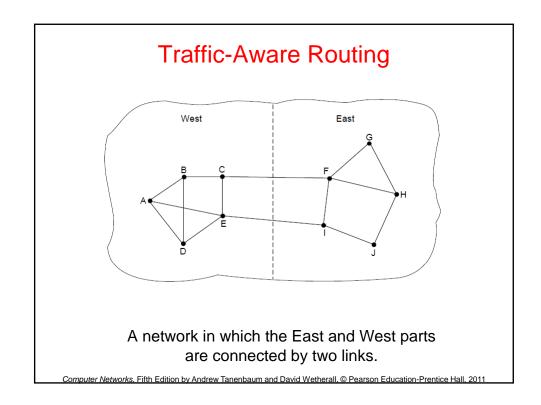


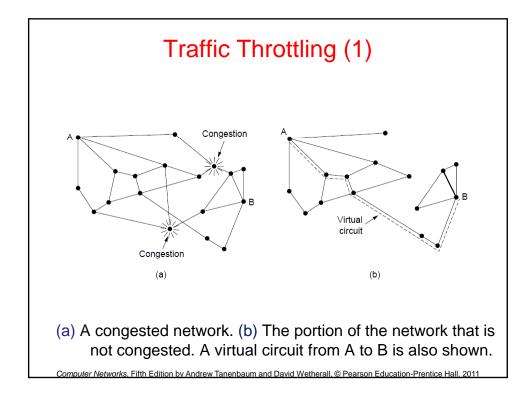


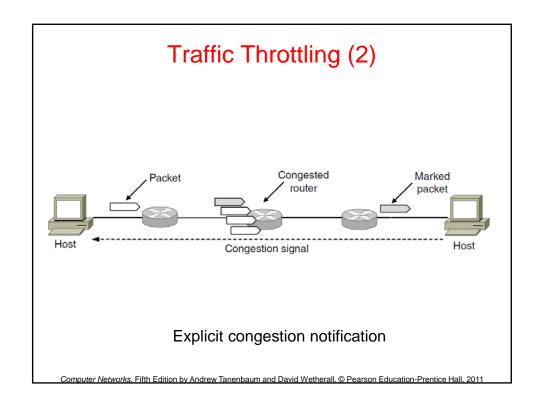


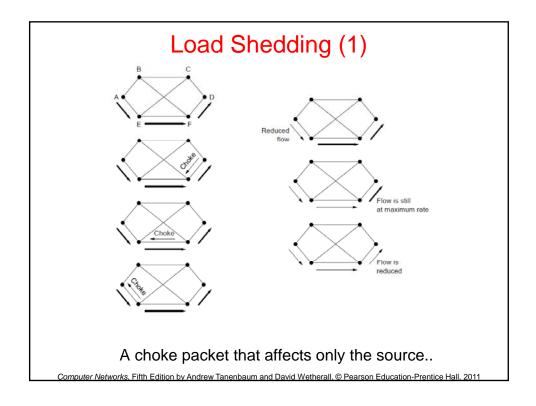


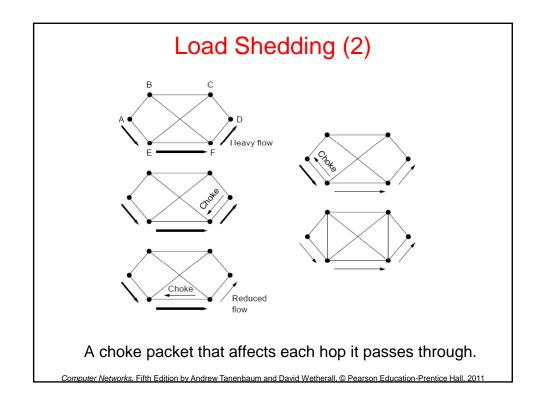


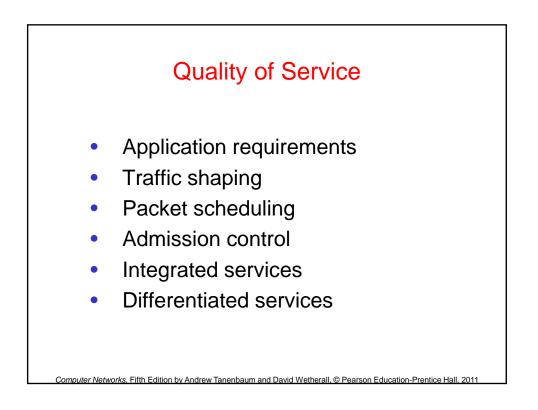






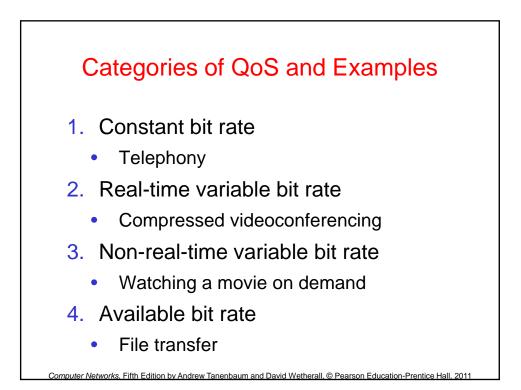


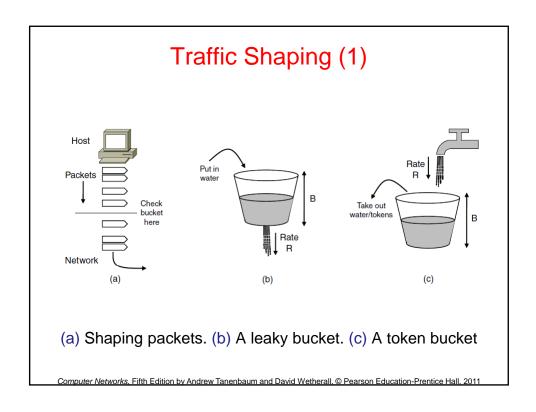


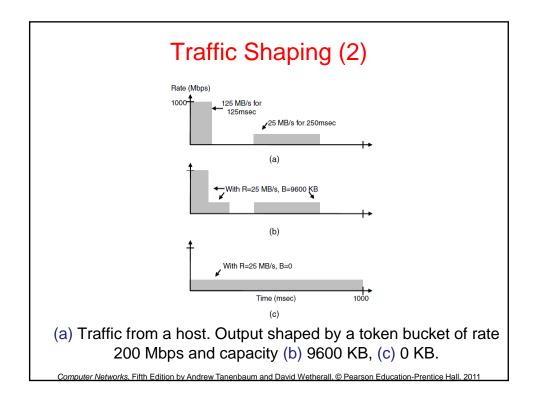


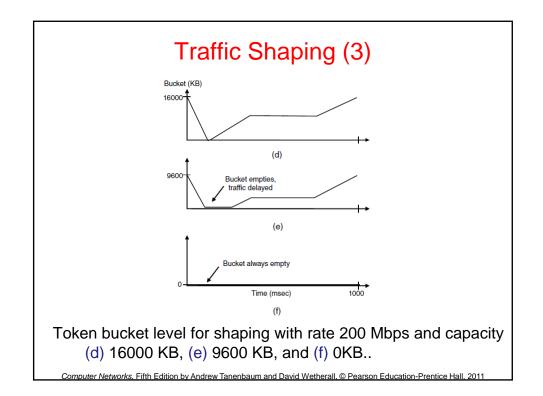
Application	Bandwidth	Delay	Jitter	Loss
Email	Low	Low	Low	Medium
File sharing	High	Low	Low	Medium
Web access	Medium	Medium	Low	Medium
Remote login	Low	Medium	Medium	Medium
Audio on demand	Low	Low	High	Low
Video on demand	High	Low	High	Low
Telephony	Low	High	High	Low
Videoconferencing	High	High	High	Low

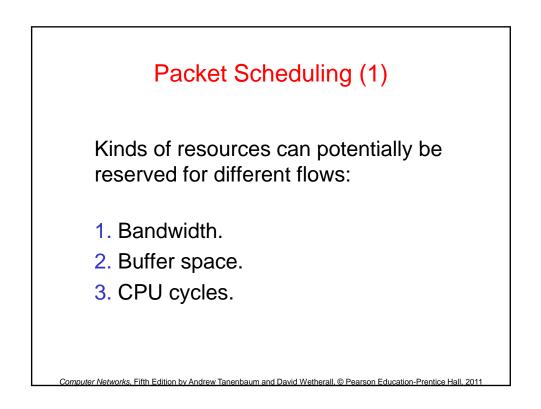
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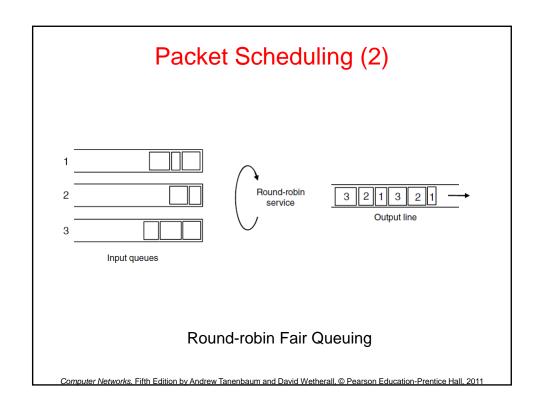


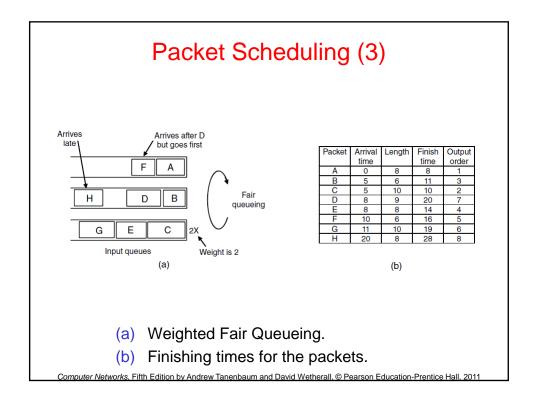




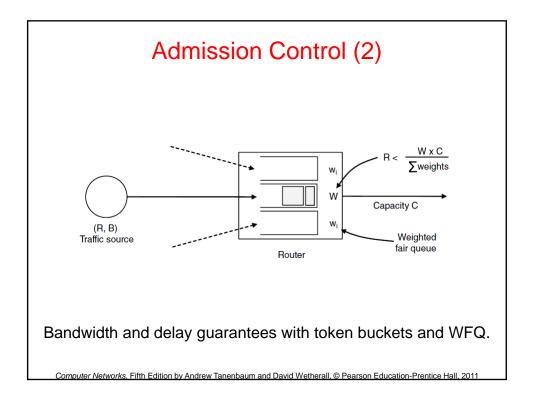


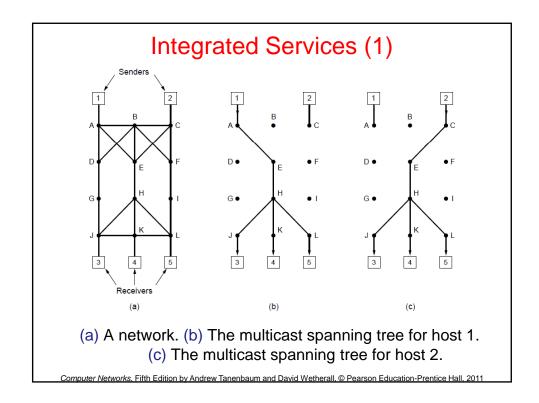


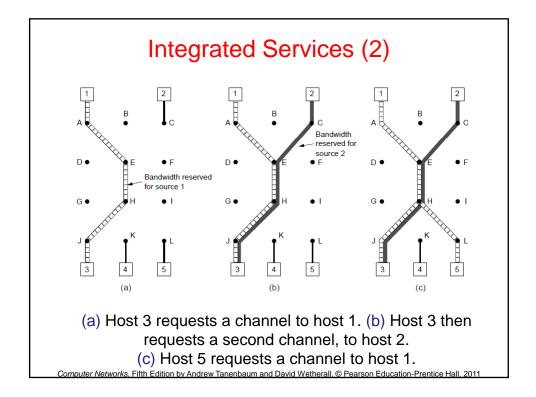


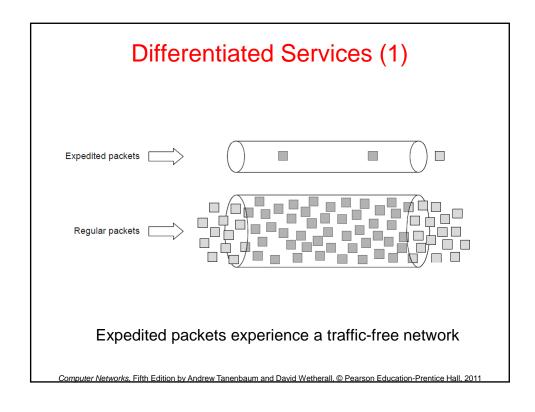


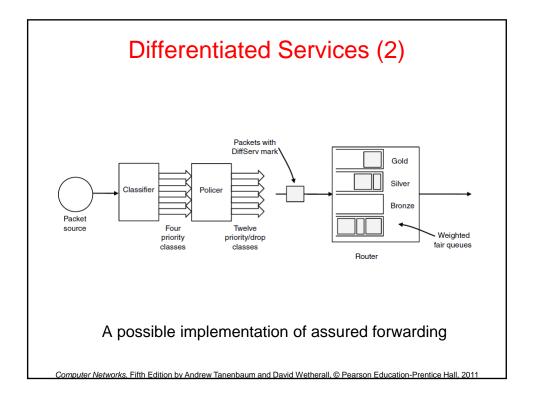
Parameter	Unit
Token bucket rate	Bytes/sec
Token bucket size	Bytes
Peak data rate	Bytes/sec
Minimum packet size	Bytes
Maximum packet size	Bytes













- How networks differ
- How networks can be connected
- Tunneling
- Internetwork routing
- Packet fragmentation

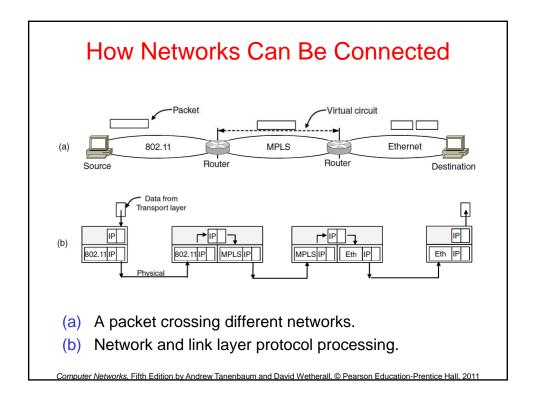
## How Networks Differ

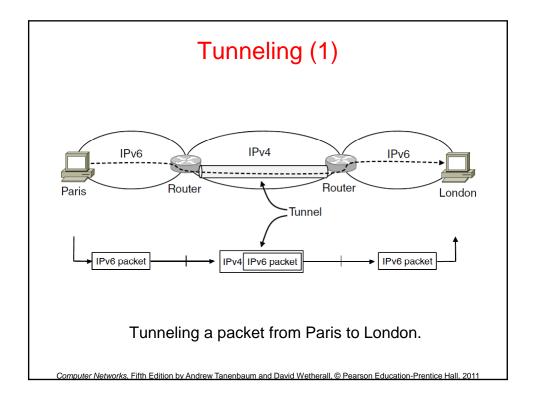
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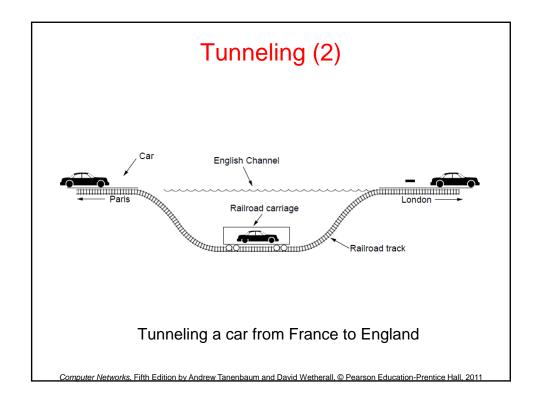
ltem	Some Possibilities
Service offered	Connectionless versus connection oriented
Addressing	Different sizes, flat or hierarchical
Broadcasting	Present or absent (also multicast)
Packet size	Every network has its own maximum
Ordering	Ordered and unordered delivery
Quality of service	Present or absent; many different kinds
Reliability	Different levels of loss
Security	Privacy rules, encryption, etc.
Parameters	Different timeouts, flow specifications, etc.
Accounting	By connect time, packet, byte, or not at all

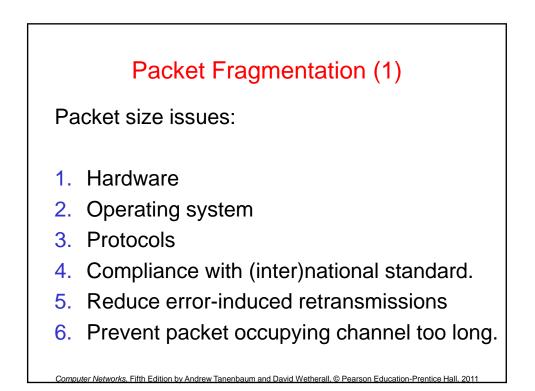
## Some of the many ways networks can differ

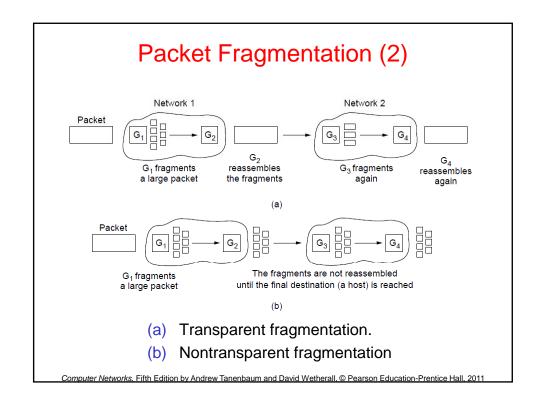
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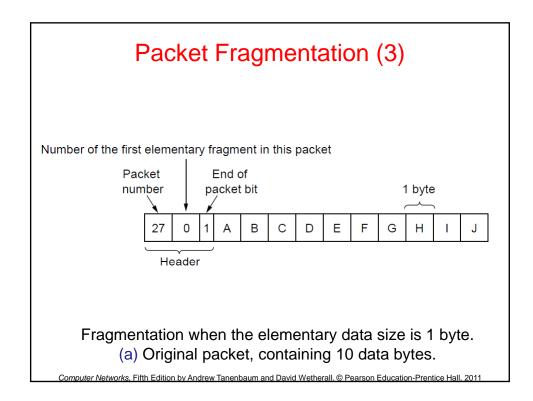


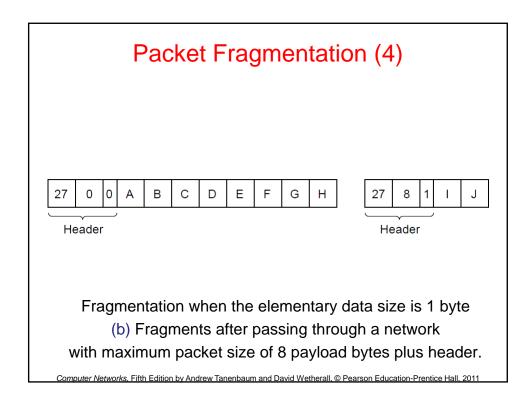


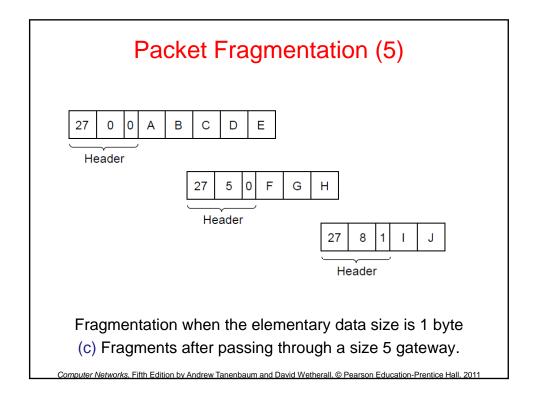


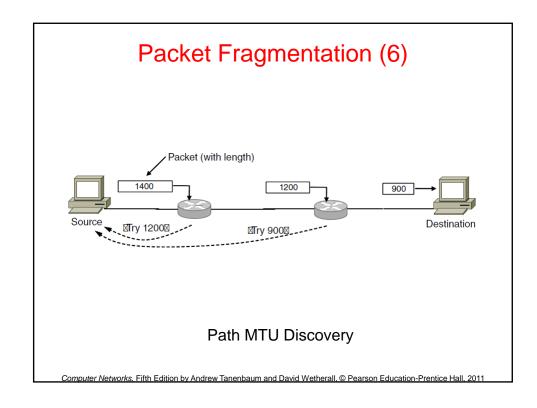


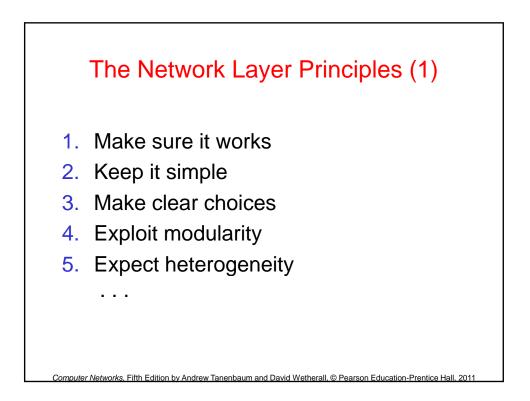


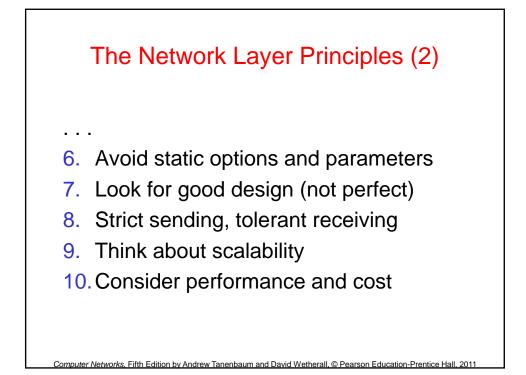


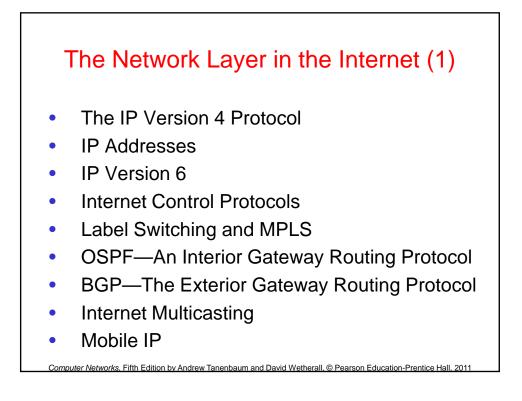


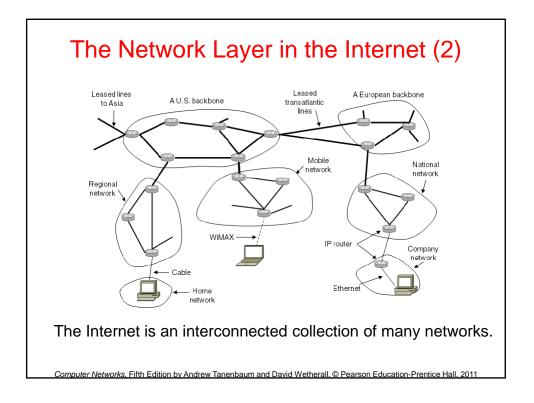






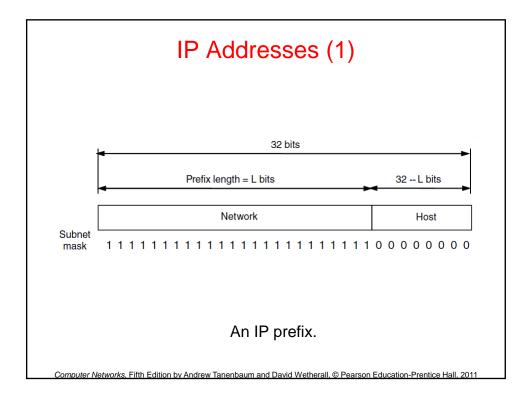


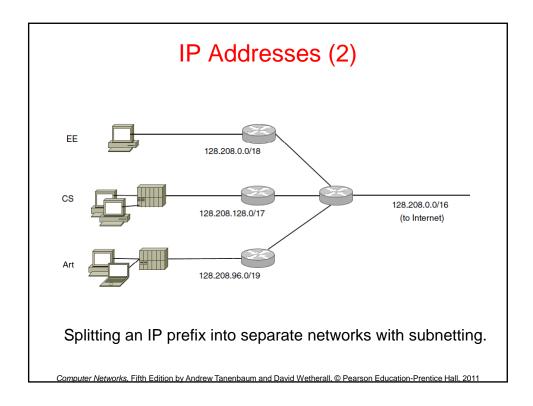




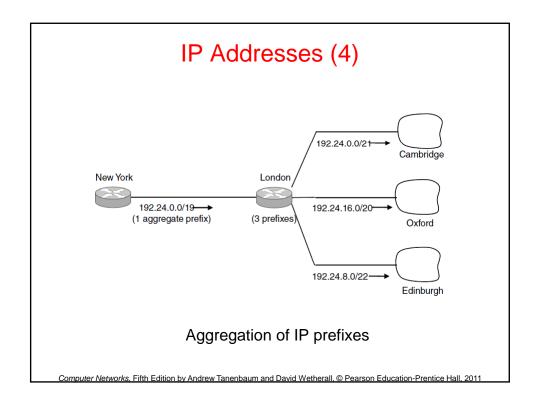
		Version 32	Bits
Version	IHL	Differentiated Services	Total length
	ldentif	ication	D M F F F Fragment offset
Time to	live	Protocol	Header checksum
		Source	address
		Destinatio	on address
		Options (0 o	r more words)
	The	IPv4 (Interne	t Protocol) header.

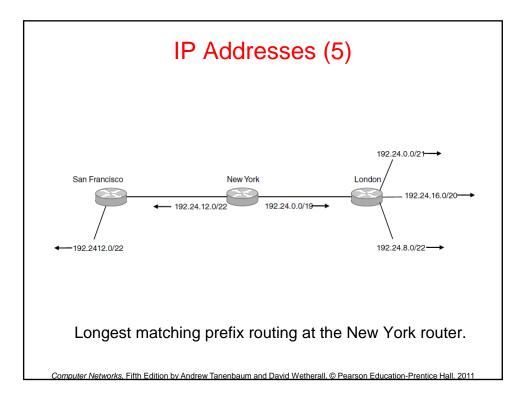
Option	Description
Security	Specifies how secret the datagram is
Strict source routing	Gives the complete path to be followed
Loose source routing	Gives a list of routers not to be missed
Record route	Makes each router append its IP address
Timestamp	Makes each router append its address and timestam



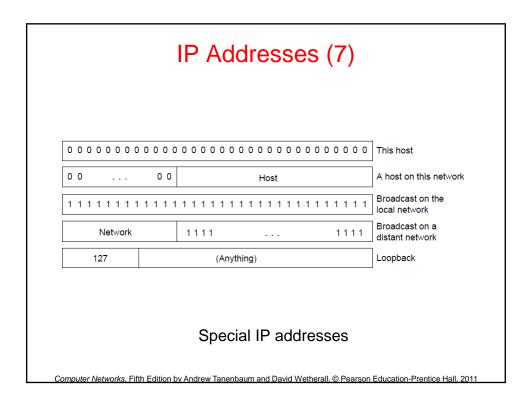


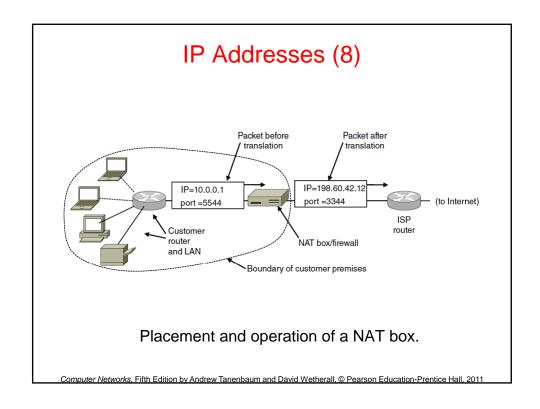
Cambridge194.24.0.0194.24.7.2552048194.24.0.0/21idinburgh194.24.8.0194.24.11.2551024194.24.8.0/22Available)194.24.12.0194.24.15.2551024194.24.12/22
Available) 194.24.12.0 194.24.15.255 1024 194.24.12/22
Dxford 194.24.16.0 194.24.31.255 4096 194.24.16.0/2
Dxford 194.24.16.0 194.24.31.255 4096 194.24.16.0/2

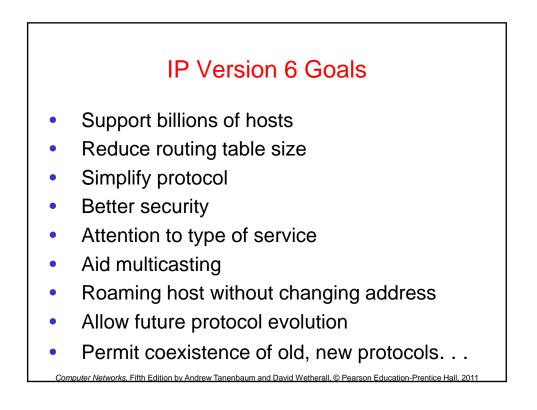


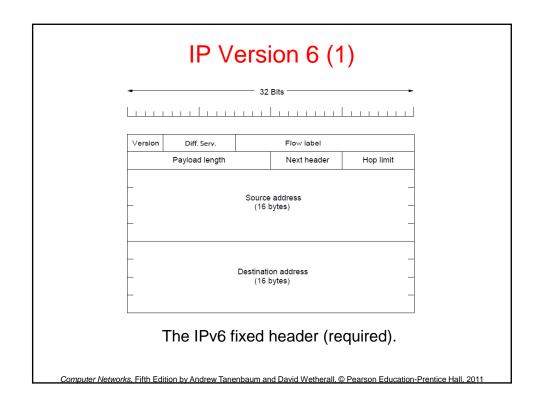


		IP Add	dresses	(6)		
	•	32	Bits —		-	
Class					Range of host addresses	
А	0 Net	twork	Host		1.0.0.0 to 127.255.255.255	
В	10	Network	Но	st	128.0.0.0 to 191.255.255.255	
С	110	Network		Host	192.0.0.0 to 223.255.255.255	
D	1110	Mult	icast address		224.0.0.0 to 239.255.255.255	
Е	1111	Reserve	ed for future use		240.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255	
Сотри	ter Network	IP ac	dress form		ucation-Prentice Hall. 2011	









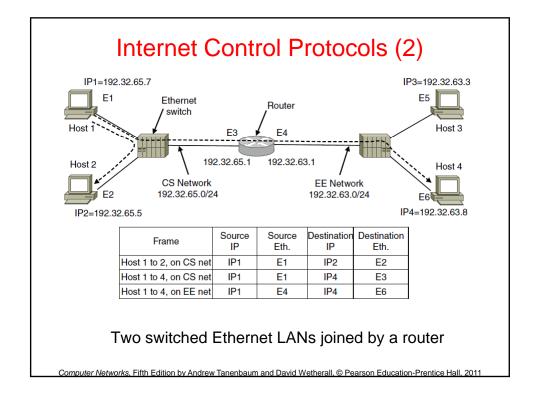
Extension header	Description
Hop-by-hop options	Miscellaneous information for routers
Destination options	Additional information for the destination
Routing	Loose list of routers to visit
Fragmentation	Management of datagram fragments
Authentication	Verification of the sender's identity
Encrypted security payload	Information about the encrypted contents

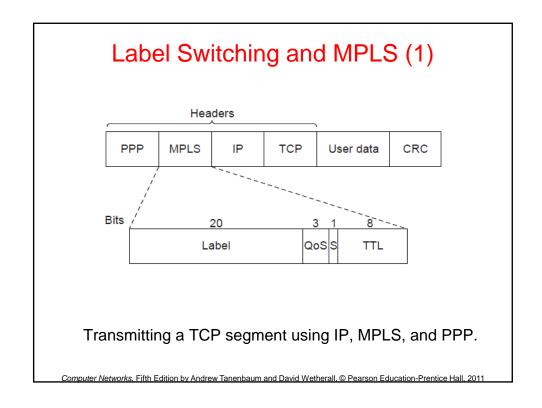
	IF	P Versior	n 6 (3)		
					1
	Next header	0	194	4	
		Jumbo payload	d length		
	•	o-by-hop exte ge datagram			
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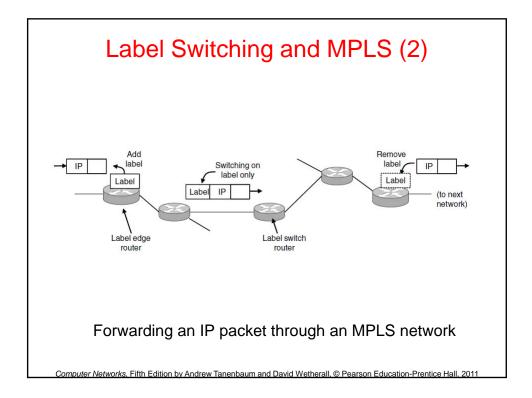
		IP Version 6 (4)		
	Next header	Header extension length	Routing type	Segments left
:		Type-spec	cific data	
Comp		e extension he		son Education-Prentice Hall, 2011

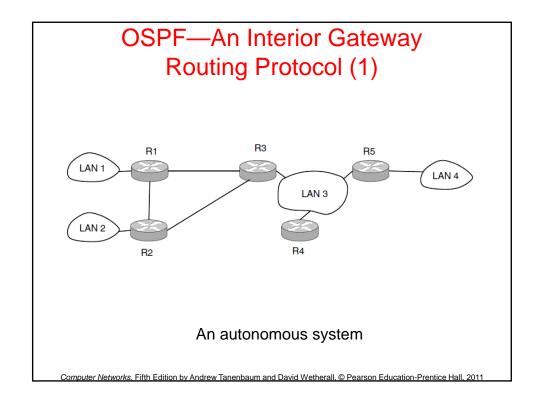
Message type	Description
Destination unreachable	Packet could not be delivered
Time exceeded	Time to live field hit 0
Parameter problem	Invalid header field
Source quench	Choke packet
Redirect	Teach a router about geography
Echo and Echo reply	Check if a machine is alive
Timestamp request/reply	Same as Echo, but with timestamp
Router advertisement/solicitation	Find a nearby router

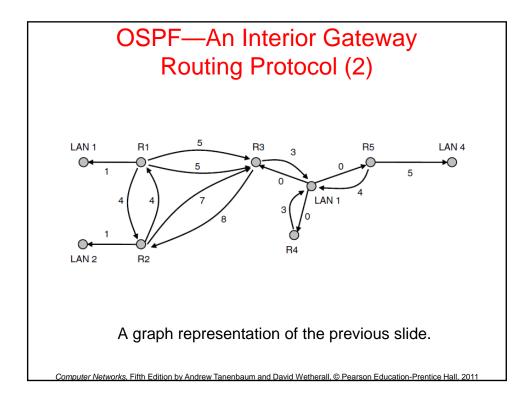
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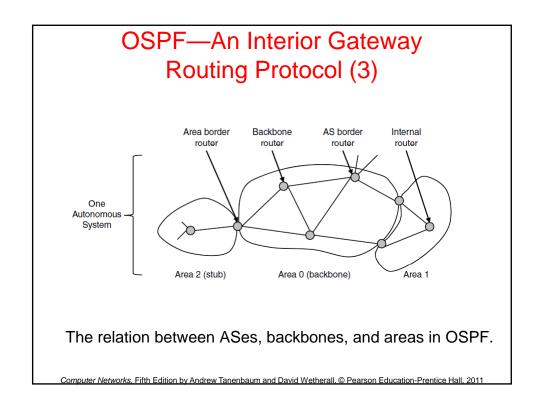












## OSPF—An Interior Gateway<br/>Routing Protocol (4)Message typeDescriptionHelloUsed to discover who the neighbors areLink state updateProvides the sender's costs to its neighborsLink state ackAcknowledges link state updateDatabase descriptionAnnounces which updates the sender hasLink state requestRequests information from the partner

## The five types of OSPF messages

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## BGP—The Exterior Gateway Routing Protocol (1)

Examples of routing constraints:

- 1. No commercial traffic for educat. network
- 2. Never put Iraq on route starting at Pentagon
- 3. Choose cheaper network
- 4. Choose better performing network
- 5. Don't go from Apple to Google to Apple

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